Forestland Interpretations

Forestland interpretations are important to good management. The management of trees begins with an understanding of the soil where they grow or are to be grown. Some soils are very suitable for growing wood crops; others barely support tree cover. Different tree species may vary in production on the same soil.

Forestland interpretations should be used to assist land users in planning, installing, and maintaining forestland management systems.

Forest Management and Productivity

The Forestland Management and Productivity tables presents information about suitable for producing timber for each soil map unit. Management concerns, which include hazard of erosion, equipment use, seedling mortality, and windthrow hazard, are listed by ratings of SLIGHT, MODERATE, or SEVERE. Information on potential productivity includes plant competition, common trees, site index, productivity class, and trees to plant.

Management Concerns

EROSION HAZARD - the risk of erosion is slight if the expected soil loss is small; moderate if some measures are needed to control erosion during logging; and severe if intensive management or special equipment and methods are needed to prevent excessive loss of soil.

EQUIPMENT LIMITATION - A rating of slight indicates that use of equipment is not limited to a particular kind of equipment or time of year; moderate indicates a short seasonal limitation, or a need for some modification in management of equipment; and severe indicates a seasonal limitation, a need for special equipment or management, or a hazard in the use of equipment.

SEEDLING MORTALITY - The ratings are for seedlings from a good planting stock that are properly planted during a period of sufficient rainfall. A rating of slight indicates that the expected mortality of the planted seedlings is less than 25 percent; moderate - 25 to 50 percent; and severe - more than 50 percent.

WINDTHROW HAZARD - A rating of slight indicates that trees in wooded areas are not expected to be blown down by commonly occurring winds; moderate - that some trees are blown down during periods of excessive soil wetness and strong winds; and severe that many trees are blown down during periods of excessive soil wetness and moderate or strong winds.

PLANT COMPETITION - A rating of slight indicates little or no competition from other plants; moderate indicates that plant competition is expected to hinder the development of the fully stocked stand of desirable trees; and severe means that plant

competition is expected to prevent the establishment of a desirable stand unless the site is intensively prepared, weeded, or otherwise managed for the control of undesirable plants.

POTENTIAL PRODUCTIVITY - This is discussed under the ordination class symbol.

COMMON TREES - Trees that generally occur on the soil are listed regardless of economic importance.

SITE INDEX AND PRODUCTIVITY CLASS - These are discussed under ordination class symbol.

TREES TO PLANT - Trees that are suitable for commercial wood production and that are adapted to the soil.

See the National Forestry Manual, Subpart B for criteria used in rating management concerns.

This subsection includes:

• (a) Forest Management (one or two tables)

	Potential producti				
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	 Site index 	 Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage	
	-	 	cu ft/ac		
11D:		 	 		
Bardley	black oak post oak white oak	54 45 42	43 29 29	black oak, eastern redcedar, shortleaf pine, white oak	
Gasconade	 - blackjack oak chinkapin oak eastern redcedar post oak	 41 27 	 0 29 29 0	 	
12A: Cedargap	 - black oak	 66 	 43	 black oak, shortleaf pine	
13A: Cedargap	 - black oak black walnut green ash	i	 43 0 0	 black oak, shortleaf pine 	
14B: Peridge	black walnut eastern redcedar northern red oak shortleaf pine white oak	50 70 70	 0 57 57 114 0	 black walnut, northern red oak, shortleaf pine, white oak	

	Potential productivity			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	 Site index 	 Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
14C: Peridge	 black walnut eastern redcedar northern red oak shortleaf pine white oak	50	0 57 57 114 0	 black walnut, northern red oak, shortleaf pine, white oak
16D: Clarksville	 black oak northern red oak shortleaf pine white oak	 61 61 58	43 43 86 43	 shortleaf pine, sweetgum, tuliptree, white oak
20C: Doniphan	 black oak northern red oak white oak	63 61 59	43 43 43 43	 black oak, shortleaf pine, sweetgum, white oak
22E: Gasconade	 blackjack oak chinkapin oak eastern redcedar post oak	 40 27 	0 29 29 0	 eastern redcedar
Rock outcrop		 	 	

	Potential productivity			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	 Site index	Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
26:			cu ft/ac	
Moniteau	pin oak 	70	57	black willow, eastern cottonwood, green ash, pin oak, silver maple, sweetgum, white oak, willow oak
29:				
Nolin	American sycamore black walnut	 	0	black walnut, cherrybark oak,
	cherrybark oak	97	143	eastern
	eastern cottonwood		0	cottonwood,
	river birch		0	eastern white
	sweetgum tuliptree	92 107 	114 114 	pine, sweetgum, tuliptree, white ash
30A:				
Kaintuck	American basswood American sycamore black walnut northern red oak river birch white oak	90	0 100 0 0 0	American sycamore, black walnut, green ash, northern red oak

	Potential produ	activit	ΣY		
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees		Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage	
217.			cu ft/ac		
31A: Razort	American sycamore eastern cottonwood northern red oak shortleaf pine sweetgum	 85 90 80 80 80	86 100 57 129 86 57	 black walnut, northern red oak, shortleaf pine, white oak	
32C: Viraton	 black oak shortleaf pine white oak	 60 56 55	43 86 43	 black oak, shortleaf pine, white oak	
33F: Knobby		 			
Rock outcrop		 			
34C: Gatewood	 black oak eastern redcedar post oak white oak	 42 40 43 45	29 43 29 29	 eastern redcedar, shortleaf pine 	
34D: Gatewood	 black oak eastern redcedar post oak white oak	 42 40 43 45	29 43 29 29	 eastern redcedar, shortleaf pine 	

	Potential produ	activi	ΞY		
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees		 Volume of wood fiber	 Trees to manage 	
		 	cu ft/ac		
35B:					
Lebanon	black oak shortleaf pine	60 	43 0	black oak, shortleaf pine,	
	white oak	 55	43	white oak	
37B:		 			
Hartville	white oak 	55 	43 	eastern cottonwood, pin oak, tuliptree, white oak	
38: Riverwash		 	 	 	
40:					
Huntington	northern red oak tuliptree	85 95 	57 100 	black locust, black walnut, eastern white pine, tuliptree	
41B:					
Plato	black oak shortleaf pine	60 	43 0	black oak, post oak, shortleaf	
	white oak	55	43	pine	
42C:		 			
Gunlock	black oak northern red oak	60 60	43 43	black oak, northern red oak, shortleaf	
	white oak	57	43	pine, white oak	

	Potential produ	ıctivi	ty		
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site index	Volume of wood	Trees to manage	
			cu ft/ac		
43F: Poynor	 black oak shortleaf pine white oak	53 55 48	 43 43 29	 black oak 	
46F: Clarksville	 black oak northern red oak shortleaf pine white oak	61 61 61 58	 43 43 86 43	 shortleaf pine, white oak 	
Gepp	black oak northern red oak shortleaf pine white oak	65 65 75 65	43 43 114 43	 black walnut, northern red oak, shortleaf pine	
47F:			 		
Niangua	black oak northern red oak white oak	56 54	43 0 43	northern red oak, shortleaf pine 	
Bardley	 black oak post oak white oak	54 45 42	 43 29 29	 black oak, eastern redcedar, shortleaf pine, white oak	
48G: Rock outcrop	 	 	 	 	
Bardley	 black oak post oak white oak	54 45 42	 43 29 29	 black oak, eastern redcedar, shortleaf pine	

	Potential productivity			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	 Site index	 Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
		_ 	 cu ft/ac 	
M-W: Water			 	
N: Water				
		 _	 	